

European Biofuels Technology Platform

4th Stakeholder Plenary Meeting

15th September 2011

Brussels



Content of Presentation

- Introduction to UPM
 - UPM Corporate
 - Energy & Pulp
 - Environment
- Current status of forestry feedstock
 - Supply Demand balance
 - Feedstock types
 - Harvesting systems
- Path to Improvement
 - Mobilising more fibre



UPM – THE BIOFORE COMPANY

2011



UPM Corporate +

Energy & Pulp Business



UPM today

- 24,500 employees
- Sales exceed 10 billion euros in 2010
 - Production in 16 countries, worldwide sales network
 - Listed in the NASDAQ OMX Helsinki stock exchange
 - Recent Myllykoski acquisition, increases USA footprint

Energy and pulp 4,000 employees	Paper 14,500 employees	Engineered materials
		6,000 employees
 Hydro, nuclear and condensing power Biofuels development Pulp mills Plantation operations in Uruguay Timber Forestry services Wood & biomass sourcing 	 Magazine papers Fine papers Newsprint Speciality papers 	 Label Plywood RFID tags and inlays UPM ProFi composites



UPM has long experience with biomass energy



Areas of UPM experience

Investing in Energy

Biomass fuel sourcing and multi-fuel operations

Project development

1 Primary energy

Description

- \bullet Owns ~1040 MW_{e} biomass generation capacity, ~2,500 MW_{e} total generation capacity
 - 2nd largest biomass plant owner in Europe, larger than any utility
- Has constructed 21 biomass plants, operates 19 plants (>1000 MW capacity)
- 400 FTEs in power plants
- A variety of fuels used, e.g., bark, forest residues, saw dust, sludge, black liquor, RCW; total biomass fuel use ~19 TWh pa.
 - Bark, saw dust and shavings burned since 1940s
 - Stumps and forest residues burned since the 1990s
- 2000 FTEs in biomass sourcing
- UPM's own forest residue biomass sourcing was 3.4TWh1 in 2008
- UPM personnel have led 20 biomass projects of 6-265MW_e size
- Long-term CAPEX optimization experience
- JV experience





Biofuels fit well to UPM's businesses

- Biofuels are an essential part of the new Biofore Company.
- Only non-food raw materials are used as feedstock.
- UPM has long experience in sourcing of energy wood
 - raw material will be sourced using sustainable forestry principles.
- Integration to existing pulp or paper mill will increase efficiency.
- UPM has two possible BTL biorefinery locations: Rauma and Stracel mill sites







- UPM is one of WWF main partners in 2011 – UN's International Year of Forests
- UPM & WWF cooperate internationally on a wide variety of projects including the New Generation Plantation Project
- UPM has a global biodiversity programme for its forests



Global targets for the six elements



Native tree species	Maintain and increase proportion of native tree species and their natural composition	
Deadwood	Manage deadwood quality and quantity to enhance biodiversity	
Valuable habitats	Protect valuable habitats and manage them for their biodiversity value	
Structure	Manage variation in forest structure at landscape and stand level	
Water resources	Maintain open water bodies and wetlands	
Natural Forests	Implement plan for remnants of natural forests	

Global Biodiversity Programme – six key elements









Deadwood

Valuable habitats



B | OUPM February 2016





-

Natural Fores

"UPM show how companies and organisations are able to promote biodiversity as part of forest management."

Jari Luukkonen, WWF Finland, Director, Protection, 24 March 2011



Current Status of Feedstock



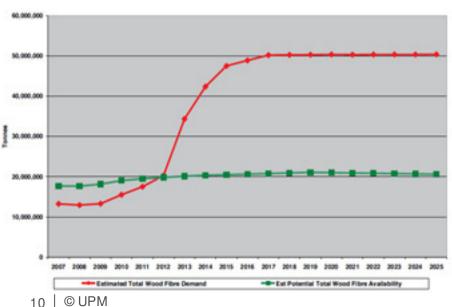
Example -**UK Supply/Demand Profile to 2020**

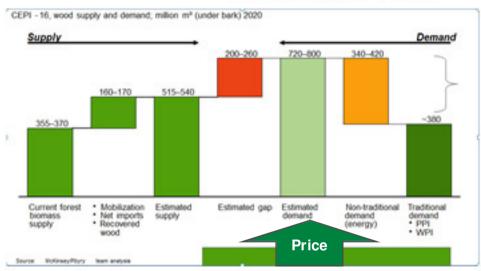


The context of supply and demand is reflected in the research work undertaken by UPM for biomass availability to 2020.

The European imbalance represents a potential of 200-260Mm3 undersupply.

This also reflected in the UK supply/demand balance work undertaken by an independent researcher in 2010 (Cleggs)





The UK supply/ demand balance also skewed by the impact of renewable energy potential.

This UK demand side can only be met with A significant volume of imported material and utilisation of RCW and other fuel sources such as SRF/RDF.

This outlook is driving demand and prices upward.





What Biomass do we have?

Forest Derived Fibre

- Forest Residues Brash, tops, fuelwood, stumps
- Thinning's Early thinning's for crop improvement
- Neglected Woodland Opportunity to bring undermanaged areas back to life
- SRF/SRC Short rotation woody biomass; Willow, Eucs, others?
- Imports Pellets and woodchip from sustainably managed sources

Other sources....

RCW - Recovered "waste" wood

Arboricultural Arisings - Trees surgery, site clearance

Wood industry co-products - sawmill chips, sawdust etc

(Energy Plantations – Miscanthus)



Forest Harvesting Operations

UK

Poor quality 30 yr old stemwood being clearfelled

- Low quality industrial wood and fuelwood markets
- Much of UK forest ground is too steep or unstable to recover brash and stumps
- Site will be restocked with productive good timber quality species.





Finland

Biomass is recovered from thinnings of 25 – 40 year old forests

Method

- The best stems are left to grow
- Residues and small stems are collected for energy use

Collecting stumps from final fellings



Used in spruce dominated forestsMethod

- The excavator lifts and splits the stumps
- Makes the mounding for the new seedlings
- The stumps are stored over one summer to clean and to dry the material







Collecting logging residues from final fellings

The Biofore Company UPM

Used in spruce dominated final felling sites with rich soil

Methods

- Bundles
- Loose residues
- Chipping at roadside







UPM in UK "Utility arboriculture"







Power Transmission line clearance





Recovered Wood & Solid Recovered Fuel

The Biofore Company UPM

- Some potential for increasing quantities of low quality energy grade biomass from RCW.
- But additional opportunity limited by availability and waste heirarchy.
- Good opportunity to develop high biomass content SRF
- Limited competition for alternative markets as yet







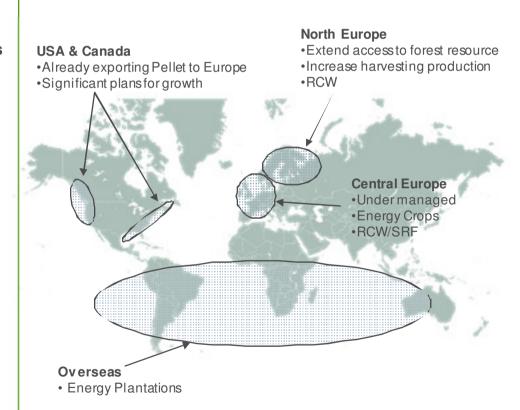




Drive for Fibre - So what's the options?



- Develop Overseas wood energy sourcing
 - Energy Plantations eg High density Eucalyptus? SA
 - Rubberwood Redundant plantation? Africa
 - Eastern seaboard USA Pellet, chip
- Capture wood fibre from distressed forest regions
 - Citrus wood USA
 - Mountain Pine in BC
- Extent forest harvesting footprint into Eastern Europe
 - Develop logistics to extend catchment area
- Bring into management "undermanaged" woodland in Europe
 - Eg England is reported as having 2million m3
 - Finland fall well short of harvesting total annual volume increment
- Short Rotation Forestry/Coppice
 - Eucs 30m3/annum increment, harvest in 10 12yrs
 - Willow coppice, Yield over 50yrs 400ODT harvest every 4yrs.
- Recover more wood fibre from Arboricultural Clearance
 - Railway
- Increase capture of RCW
- Develop Solid Recovered Fuel technology



What can be achieved....

• 11yr old Eucalyptus – Uruguay









- 18yr old Eucalyptus UK
- 8yr old Willow coppice UK

